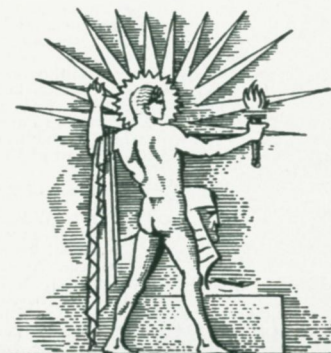
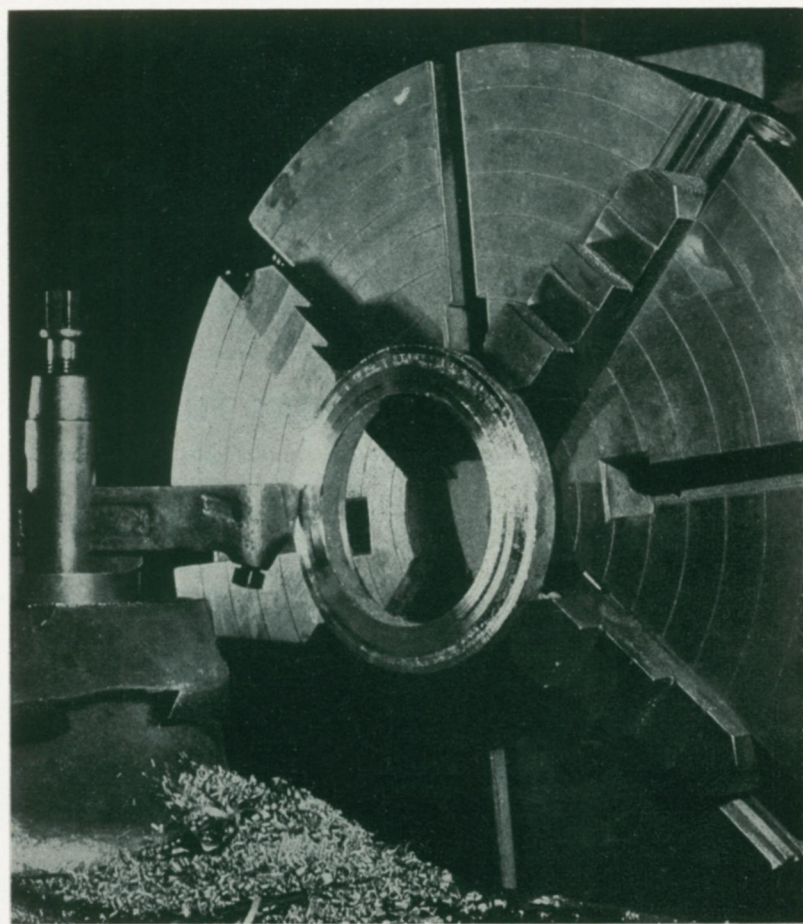


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Industrial Harmony

See Page 296

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DO YOU KNOW?

From two to five million individuals in the United States have organic heart disease.

"Wood-tears" was the Indian name for rubber in its milky form flowing from the *Hevea* tree.

A new upholstery fabric for seats on trucks and buses is reported able to stand hard or "even abusive" wear under all climatic conditions.

Safety goggles worn by workers in industry can be provided with prescription lenses, for those individuals who wear glasses in everyday life.

Calling tuberculosis the "killer of the Indian race," health officials find this disease ten times as prevalent among North American Indians as among white persons.

A New York collector has a rare Chinese relic: a set of Chinese classics written in ink on thousands of tiny slips and used by cribbing students at examination time in Manchu days.

A baby rattlesnake has no rattle.

Nutrition experiments show that mushrooms contain Vitamins B and G.

The possibilities of using cotton in road building may provide a market for two to three million bales a year.

The eye disease trachoma afflicts 80,000 persons in Spain, and is the leading cause of blindness in that country.

Tests show that industrial workers in some instances can do 10 to 35 per cent. more work when bad lighting is changed to good.

The first white man to witness the Indian snake dance is believed to have been Don Antonio de Espejo, Spanish explorer who gave New Mexico its name.

The Roman Emperor Augustus decorated the walls of his villa in Capri with great fossil bones—which he believed were bones of human giants once inhabiting Italy.

WITH THE SCIENCES THIS WEEK

Most articles are based on communications to Science Service or papers before meetings, but where published sources are used they are referred to in the article.

ARCHAEOLOGY

What did the Babylonian put on his personal seal? p. 291.

ASTRONOMY

Can a meteor be seen against the setting sun? p. 296.

How close are galaxies crowded together in the congested regions of space? p. 292.

AVIATION

What is a visimeter? p. 296.

BOTANY

What "weapon" of Ethiopia came from America? p. 297.

ENGINEERING

Are wide straight roads safe? p. 297.

How does the streamlined automobile menace the pedestrian? p. 294.

ETHNOLOGY

What is the first Indian tribe to receive a constitution? p. 296.

EVOLUTION

Why is Darwin being honored in one of the loneliest places on earth? p. 297.

GENERAL SCIENCE

How can civilization save itself from destruction? p. 298.

What is the extent of Pittsburgh's ups and downs? p. 295.

GEOLOGY

How may the age of a limestone cavern be estimated? p. 292.

MARINE BIOLOGY

What is the use of a blue starfish? p. 302.

MEDICINE

What should the expectant mother eat? p. 297.

ORNITHOLOGY

What guides the pigeon home? p. 297.

PATHOLOGY

How can sinus involvement interfere with vision? p. 292.

PHYSICS

How can a furnace produce temperatures higher than the melting point of its walls? p. 301.

What may be the cause of the sudden disappearance of short wave, long distance radio signals? p. 300.

PSYCHIATRY

Can psychiatrists penetrate the motives of statesmen? p. 300.

PUBLIC HEALTH

Should there be a nation-wide grading of milk? p. 302.

SEISMOLOGY

What has the moon to do with earthquakes? p. 293.

SILVICULTURE

What tree must be planted with another plant as nurse? p. 293.

SURGERY

How do pedestrians incur fender fracture? p. 291.

What modern use has honey and fish fat? p. 296.