statements to show whether they believed it true, were doubtful, or felt sure of its error. The true purpose of the questionnaire was concealed from the students intentionally because of the natural tendency of anyone to let his answers be influenced by personal prejudice.

Dislike Label

Such a prejudice against the term Fascism does exist among the students, it was clearly revealed by answers for one of the statements included in the scale. The statement, "Fascism is the form of government most capable of solving our national problems," was disagreed with by about 84 per cent., although their answers for other statements demonstrated that actually they were neither pro-Fascist nor anti-Fascist. Even the 33 students whose answers showed that they were strongest in the Fascist viewpoint had only two in their number that approved of Fascism when so labeled.

The students differed in their Fascist leanings according to their differences in scholastic interests. Nurses and members of the Reserve Officers Training Corps rated nearer to the Fascist end of the scale, with scores of plus 7.8 and plus 5.5, while students of political psychology and social psychology were toward the anti-Fascist end, with scores of minus 7.1 and minus 8.5 respectively.

Washing Makes Radicals

Small boys being forced unwillingly to wash their faces may be hotbeds of future radicalism. This conjecture is suggested by a report by Dr. Maurice H. Krout, of Chicago City Junior Colleges, to the psychology meeting.

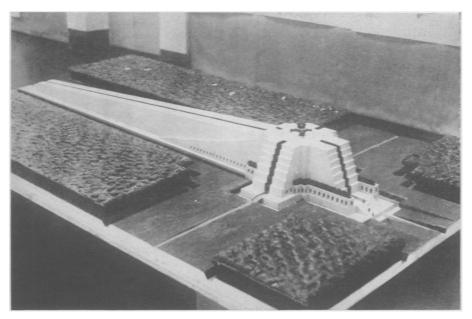
Searching out the childhood history of two groups of young political radicals and another group of non-radicals, Dr. Krout found that one of the significant differences distinguishing the radicals was a lack of pleasant recollections connected with face-washing. Childhood punishments of the radicals more often took the form of nagging, reproach and ridicule rather than spanking.

Girl radicals reported less desire to be like their mothers; boys who turn out radicals are not the ones who admire and wish to emulate their fathers.

Men who are radicals more often talk in their sleep than do the non-radicals with whom they were compared. Women radicals talk in their sleep less often.

Radicals have a less optimistic attitude toward life.

Science News Letter, September 18, 1937



INTERNATIONAL MEMORIAL

This model shows the appearance of the 1,000-foot shining white cross to be constructed in the West Indies as a memorial to Columbus, whose bones may be removed from the Cathedral vault where they now lie to a tomb under the cross. A powerful beacon will be mounted on the cross to guide ships and airliners in Caribbean waters.

AVIATION-HISTORY

Columbus and Aviation Linked in Memorial Beacon

CHRISTOPHER Columbus and aviation!

They were 400 years apart in history. But the twentieth century wants to bring them together in an international Columbus memorial.

The memorial stands ready on paper. News readers may recall the design, which attracted wide interest a few years ago when it was chosen. An international competition was held, in the quest for an outstanding design, and a young English architect named J. L. Gleave won, with a plan for a monumental structure combining the symbolic and the practical.

It will be a recumbent cross, 1,000 feet long, shining white. It will be constructed in the city of the West Indies where Columbus' bones already rest—Trujillo City, capital of the Dominican Republic. The memorial planners hope to have Columbus' remains transferred from their present tomb in the cathedral to this new tomb under the center of the shining cross. That might take persuasion. The few

bones left of the great navigator are so treasured at the cathedral that three keys guard the vault, and it takes combined consent of state officials, archbishop, and curator—who hold the three keys—to unlock the vault.

Yet, we may imagine the new tomb would please Columbus' own adventure-loving heart. For surmounting the cross will be a powerful beacon, doing light-house duty, to guide ships at sea and also airliners crossing the Caribbean. And the memorial grounds are to be a great Pan American park and an airplane landing field.

To arouse renewed interest in this project, four airplanes will rise from this field October 12 and fly on a 20,000 mile tour, touching every republic in North and South America. If all goes well, the lighthouse cross will be dedicated 450 years from our discovery date —October 12, 1942.

Science News Letter, September 18, 1987

The first radio broadcasting station in Greece is now being built in Athens.