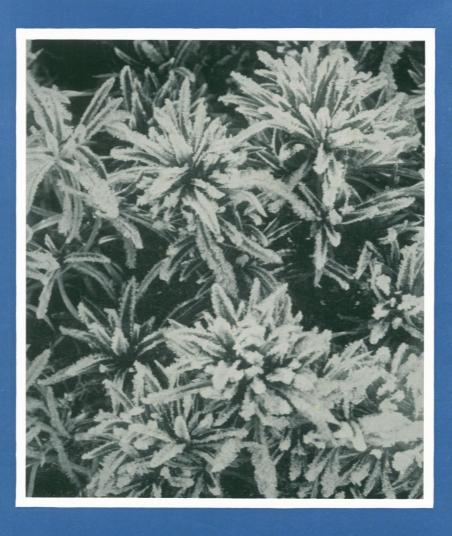
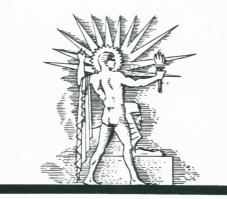
# SCIENCE NEWS LETTER

THE WEEKLY SUMMARY OF CURRENT SCIENCE.





December 4, 1937



Rime

See Page 360

A SCIENCE SERVICE PUBLICATION

# Do You Know?

The average passenger automobile uses over 600 gallons of gasoline in a year.

California Indians burned pinon nuts to obtain blue coloring with which they tattooed their faces.

A Chinese emperor, who established a zoo near Peking about 1100 B. C., called it an Intelligence Park.

Fish cannot exist in absolutely pure water, but that doesn't worry the fish because in no stream does such water

Pointing out that Indian speech was not crude, a California anthropologist says that the average Indian of southern California had a vocabulary of about 3,500 words.

Baseball players are apt to be at top form at 28 years, golf players from 25 to 35, bowlers 30 to 34, says a psychologist, who has checked up on best ages for various sports.

The plant for which Hollywood, California, was named is the California Christmas berry, sometimes called California holly, which once grew thick in that neighborhood.

According to a Detroit psychologist, some of the wild and reckless automobile driving is done by motorists who are not very successful in other endeavors, and who get satisfaction out of fancied traffic victories.

### QUESTIONS DISCUSSED IN THIS ISSUE

Most articles which appear in Science News Letter are based on communications to Science Service, or on papers before meetings. Where published sources are used they are referred to in the article.

#### ARCHAEOLOGY

Did dogs chase cats in ancient India?

What is the explanation of Britain's stone circles? page 360.

What relics tell of conquered Norsemen? page 357.

Do the number of sunspots affect the flavor of wine? page 360.

#### **ENGINEERING**

Can molasses be made into roads? page 361.

#### EXPLORATION

What did the botanist-priest bring back from the frozen North? page 357.

#### GENERAL SCIENCE

In what way does an electrical discharge in a gas-filled tube resemble lightning? page 355.

Who discovered Antarctica? page 355. Why did the ancients abandon bronze coinage? page 355.

#### GEOGRAPHY

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#### GEOLOGY

What have the Great Lakes to do with subsea canyons? page 361.

#### MEDICINE

Can children be vaccinated against tuber-culosis? page 365.

Do viruses always cause disease? page

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#### ORDNANCE

Can machine guns be aimed by remote control? page 361.

#### PALEONTOLOGY

How are the dinosaurs providing their own monument? page 362.

#### PHYSICS

Does splashy water have a structure of its own? page 359.

Is the force of gravity a constant value?

page 359.

Male kangaroos keep on growing as long as they live.

The bulk of the world's oil supply comes from wells that no longer "gush."

Mount Pavlof, active volcano of Alaska, is twice the height of its famous cousin Vesuvius.

Use of squared timbers in coal mines is advocated by a state inspector, who points out that round timbers roll, and in other ways may cause accidents.

Spanish moss, used as filling for upholstered furniture and mattresses, yields Louisiana an income of one and onehalf to three million dollars annually.

Fragile looking butterflies called "Painted Ladies" fly all the way to England from North Africa, over a thousand miles.

A new process is said to give concrete a glazed surface, making it suitable for walls, table tops or other uses where tiling is ordinarily employed.

Few plants can live in water hotter than 100 degrees Fahrenheit, and about 200 degrees is the greatest heat at which plants have been observed.

France is taking steps to safeguard its drinking water supplies, and the latest development is a reservoir at Nantes, pronounced the biggest in Europe.

## SCIENCE NEWS LETTER

NOVEMBER 27, 1937 No. 869

The Weekly Summary of Current Science, published every Saturday by SCIENCE SERVICE, Inc., 2101 Constitution Avenue, Washington, D. C. Edited by WATSON DAVIS.

Subscriptions—\$5.00 a year; two years \$7.00; 15 cents a copy. Ten or more copies to same address, 5 cents a copy. Back numbers more than six months old, 25 cents.

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Cable address: Scienservc, Washington.

Entered as second class matter at the post-office at Washington, D. C., under the act of March 3, 1879. Established in mimeographed form March 18, 1922. Title registered as trade-mark, U. S. and Canadian Patent Offices. In-dexed in Readers' Guide to Periodical Literature and in the Engineering Index.

Advertising rates on application. Member Audit Bureau of Circulation.

SCIENCE SERVICE is the Institution for the Popularization of Science organized 1921 as a non-profit corporation, with trustees nominated by the National Academy of Sciences, the National Research Council, the American Association for the Advancement of Science, the E. W. Scripps Estate and the journalistic profession.

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