Stars of December

CELESTIAL TIME TABLE		
Dec. 2	8:00 am EST	Moon passes south of Saturn
Dec. 2	2:00 am	Moon nearest, distance 228,320
_		miles
	5:10 am	Moon in last quarter
11	3:40 am	Algol (variable star in Perseus)
		at minimum brightness
13	12:30 am	Algol at minimum
	11:25 am	New Moon (partial eclipse of
		sun)
16	9:20 pm	Algol at minimum
18	11:00 pm	Moon farthest, distance 251,750
		miles
19	3:00 pm	Mercury behind sun
	6:10 pm	Algol at minimum
20	8:00 am	Moon passes north of Jupiter
21	2:43 pm	Moon in first quarter
22	1:00 am	Sun farthest south; winter begins
		in northern hemisphere
28	10:51 pm	Full Moon
29	2:00 pm	Moon passes south of Saturn
30	7:00 pm	Moon nearest, distance 224,790
		miles

DEC. ANDROMEDÁ CASSIOPEIA GEMINIT Castor **≠**Polaris CEPHEUS SATURN URSA MINOR URSA MAJOR Dippe **☀** Vega WEST **EAST** face north TRIANGULUM AURIGA TAURUS ARIES DEC ORION PISCES Mira CETUS Betelge PEGASUS CANIS ERIDANUS A MINOR AQUARIUS

by James Stokley

On the morning of Dec. 13 residents of North America, except the extreme northwestern part, will if it's clear see the first solar eclipse of 1974 visible in this part of the world.

This follows a total eclipse of the moon on Nov. 29, which was visible in its entirety in the area, including Alaska, where the December eclipse will not be seen. Then the full moon passed through the shadow of the earth. Now, two weeks later, the moon has moved half way in its orbit around the earth. The lunar shadow, or at least a large part of it, will fall on North America.

This will be the penumbra, the outer

part of the shadow, from which the disc of the moon only partially covers the sun. The umbra, the inner part where the moon completely hides the sun, misses earth so this eclipse is only partial, rather than total.

Baffin Island, in the Arctic, will experience the largest eclipse, with more than three-fourths of the sun hidden. The farther south you are the smaller will be the eclipse. The southern limit extends along the Pacific coast of Mexico and Central America and across the northernmost part of South America, including the Caribbean coast of Colombia and Venezuela.

In New England the first nick in the

sun's edge will appear about 9:40 a.m., EST, with maximum eclipse about 11:05 a.m. The end will come about 12:40 p.m.

Along the Pacific coast the sun will rise partly eclipsed. In southern California the greatest eclipse will occur about sunrise. The moon will leave the sun about 7:50 a.m., PST, before it has risen very high. In northwestern Canada, like Alaska, the eclipse will end before sunrise.

Winter, in the northern hemisphere, begins with the solstice at 12:57 p.m., EST on Dec. 22. Our maps are drawn for 10:00 p.m. local standard time on the first and 8:00 p.m. on the 31st.

New Products

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JS&A

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Damon Corp. Circle No. 158 on Reader Service Card

Solar energy study kit developed by Bell Telephone Labs includes materials to make solar cells, as well as components for a variety of experiments. Included is a textbook by Darryl Chapin, one of the co-inventors of the Bell Solar Battery.

Comspace Corp.
Circle No. 159 on Reader Service Card

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Kirlian photography equipment brochure includes a color film transport for 35mm and 120mm film sizes, a portable power source (also available in kit form), as

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 ${\it National~Camera} \\ {\it Circle~No.~162~on~Reader~Service~Card} \\$

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Corning Glass Works
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November 23, 1974

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