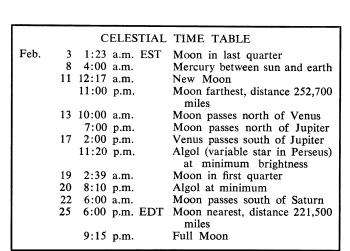
## Stars of February



## AURIGA LYNX URSA a MAJOR Polaris **\*URSA** LEO, ANDROMEDA MINOR \* CANES DRACO VENATICE Alpheratz WEST face north **EAST** AURIGA GEMINI SATURN A TAURUS CANCER **L**LEO CANIS Bet ERIDANUS HYDRA LEPUS MĂJOR

face south

Symbols for stars in order of brightness

## by James Stokley

A close approach of the two brightest planets will be a striking spectacle in the western evening sky during February. On Feb. 17 brilliant Venus will dash past the more sluggish Jupiter. When closest Venus will be to the south, within a fifth of a degree of the other planet. This is less than half the apparent diameter of the moon. Conjunction, when the two are on the same north-south line in the sky, comes about 2 p.m., EST. In North America daylight will hide the planets to the naked eve.

**EAST** 

As the sky darkens that evening they will become visible, still close. (minus 3.4 on the astronomical scale of magnitude or brightness) will appear first. A little later you'll see Jupiter to the right and about a fifth as bright. It will be a little brighter than Sirius, the most brilliant star, shining in the south in Canis Maior.

You'll find it interesting to watch these planets as they approach and then draw

apart. On Feb. 1 Venus will set about an hour and a half after sunset, as twilight ends. Jupiter, considerably higher, will set nearly an hour and a half later. But Venus will be moving away from the sun and toward Jupiter. (The crescent moon will pass north of Jupiter on the 13th.) On the evening of Feb. 16 Venus will still be a little below Jupiter. After the 17th Venus will climb still higher and by March 1 will set more than two hours after sunset. Jupiter will then set about an hour and a half after the sun.

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