Catching the weather coming

A global weatherwatch system may aid the daily weatherman as well as hurricane hunters

by Kendrick Frazier

Forecasts are the weatherman's bane. Not only do they make him the butt of tired old jokes, but every time the weather makes the news, pressure for longer range and more accurate forecasts builds up like the eye of a storm.

This was the case in August, when Vice President Spiro Agnew, after reviewing the devastation caused along the Gulf Coast by Hurricane Camille, reported to his boss that better hurricane prediction was needed.

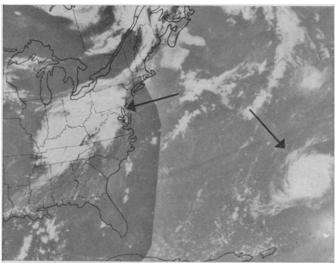
President Nixon echoed Mr. Agnew's call. But even the President can be no more successful than King Canute in ordering the elements.

The trouble is that hurricanes are just not that predictable. A comprehensive hurricane-watching system has made it possible to give a 24-hour notice of where a hurricane will strike, but anything beyond that is going to be far in the future. Too much about hurricanes is unknown: what causes them, why some are more powerful than others, what makes them veer in one direction rather than another.

In a sense, the hurricane problem is part of the general difficulty in predicting what the weather will do over more than a short period.

The atmosphere is a complex turbulent fluid containing motions in a variety of scales ranging from molecular movement to cyclones and planetary waves of 1,000 kilometers and more. Energy is exchanged continuously from one scale to another and from one form to another.

In the past few decades meteorologists' study of the atmosphere and forecasts of its whims have moved out of the semi-subjective art they once were into the status of a science. Numerical analysis by computers has made it possible to supply reasonably accurate forecasts two or three days in advance. But longer predictions will need more data.



ESSA

Hurricanes Camille (left) and Debbie: A long way to go.

The data will come in the coming years: It is hoped that the dream of long-range forecasting—up to about two weeks—could be within reach about a decade from now. And although hurricane prediction can't be included in that general picture, chances are that the increased, worldwide data will give some clues to the puzzle of what makes hurricanes act as they do.

Numerical weather prediction (SN: 11/9, p. 480) is based on the idea that, given initial conditions at any one time and knowledge of the fluid dynamic equations of motion, the equations can be integrated forward to predict the distribution of such variables as wind velocity, temperature and moisture content at some future time.

The atmosphere, however, is basically unstable. Small disturbances grow quickly into larger ones. In the same way, the inevitable small differences between actual conditions and observed conditions soon become larger. How fast they grow determines how soon the predictability limit is reached.

In the last few years scientists have realized that the limit of predictability comes fundamentally not from observational error but from turbulence of the flow. It is not possible to measure turbulences of all sizes, so the information on the very smallest must necessarily be in error by some amount. As small turbulences interact with larger ones, these errors, appearing as initial data for the computer, will be transferred and possibly amplified, leading to a breakdown of predictability.

To test this, computer simulation studies compare an unperturbed model atmosphere with one into which a small perturbation has been entered. One then observes how the two depart from each other. When the disturbed atmosphere varies from the first by the same amount that any randomly chosen atmosphere

does, the inherent limit of predictability is said to have been reached.

Evaluating these studies, a report by the National Academy of Sciences in 1966 declared, "If the initial state of the entire atmosphere were known with sufficient accuracy, the large-scale motions would, in principle, be predictable as a determinate physical system for a period of approximately two weeks."

Further studies since then confirm that the inherent theoretical limit is at least that long. One by Dr. Joseph Smagorinsky of the Environmental Science Services Administration's Geophysical Fluid Dynamics Laboratory at Princeton, simulating nine levels of the atmosphere, places the limit at at least three weeks. There seems little hope for anything better. Dr. Edward N. Lorenz of the Massachusetts Institute of Technology says the results of his work are "discouraging to those who may have hoped that two-week forecasts... could actually be pushed closer to a month."

But the optimism for even two-week predictions is contingent on three developments: A global observation system making use of satellites, balloons, ocean buoys and sophisticated new sensors; better understanding of several crucial atmospheric processes, and computers at least a hundred times as fast as those currently in use.

A major obstacle in the extension of forecasts is the lack of adequate data coverage. No more than 20 percent of the earth's area is now measured with the detail needed for computer models.

Fortunately, this now appears simpler than it did three or four years ago. When the feasibility study for a global observation system was completed in 1966, scientists thought a fixed system blanketing the globe with a uniform grid of sensors, all taking the same measurements at the same intervals, was needed.

Now that concept has changed. A

september 6, 1969/vol. 96/science news/185

PACE WITH SPACE AGE! SEE MOON SHOTS-LANDINGS, SPACE FLIGHTS, CLOSE-UP!

YOUR MUSIC IN DAZZLING ACTION with



(MoSic rSioN) DRAMATIC AUDIO-

VISUAL BREAKTHROUGH

I	FREE CATALOG or send 25c for 16-page Booklet No. 9096Q.		_
		\$ 6.00	
	71,009Q-8" DO-IT-YOURSELF KIT	22.50	
	71.030Q—8" SET	45.00	
	71,124Q-COMPACT MINI-MODEL	46.50	Ppd.
	71,032Q—12" SET	57.50	Ppd.
•	71 0570 500 Watt SPECIAL FEFFCTS PROJECTOR	24 50	Pnd



SUPER 6" SPACE CONQUEROR

Share the wonders of space explora-tion. Features aluminized & over-coated 6° 1/8 ground and polished pyrex mirror accurate to ½ wave, 48 96X & 102X eyepieces & Barlow to double or triple power. Rack & pin-ion focuser. Electric clock drive w/ manual slow-motion. Setting circles. Equatorial mount. Pedestal. Com-pares to \$295-\$350 models.

pare	8 10 920	o-good models.	
No.	85,086Q	\$199.50	FOB
No.	85,105Q	41/4"\$ 84.50	FOB
No.	85,050Q	\$ 29.95	Ppd.

GIANT FREE CATALOG

148 Pages! More than 4,000 UNUSUAL BARGAINS!



BARGAINSI
Enormous variety
of telescopes, microscopes, binoculars, magnets,
magnifiers, photo
components, lenses, prisms, optical instruments,
parts and accessories. Write for Free Catalog
"Q." Edmund Scientific Co., 300
Edscorp Bldg., Barrington, N.J.
08007.

08007.	
Name	
Address	
City	
State	Zip



MODEL DIGITAL COMPUTER

MODEL DIGITAL COMPUTER
Solve problems, teach logic, play
games with miniature version of giant
electronic brain! Adds, subtracts,
multiplies, shifts, complements, carries, memorizes. Colored plastic parts
easily assembled. 12" x 3½" x 4½",
Incl. step-by-step assembly diagrams,
32-p. instruction book covering operations, computer language programming problems & 15 experiments.

Stock No. 70,683Q ___ \$ 5.98 Ppd.
ANALOG COMPUTER KIT
Stock No. 70,341Q ___ \$14.95 Ppd.



WATER CLIMBS UP HILL

WATER CLIMBS UP HILL

Amaze your friends — loads of fun.

Water actually flows up side of glass & siphons freely into other container.

To stop flow—cut with scissors—watch it snap back. Secret's in special additive with long molecular structure—red, only ½ tsp. to glass. Friction reducing additive has all kinds of industrial, agricultural, experimental uses—a pinch even makes gold fish side thru water faster. 3 oz. can enough for 84 pints of water. Instr.

Stock No. 41,086Q....\$2,00 Ppd. Stock No. 41.086Q ____\$2.00 Ppd

STOCK NUMBER • SEND CHECK OR MONEY ORDER • MONEY-BACK GUARANTEE 300 EDSCORP BUILDING BARRINGTON, NEW JERSEY 08007

N. Y. publisher wants books on all subjects, fiction, nonfiction. No fee for professional opinion. FREE: Brochures that show how your book can be published, promoted, sold; tips on writing, contracts, costs. Write Dept. 72,

EXPOSITION PRESS INC. 50 Jerciho Turnpike, Jericho, N.Y. 11753

FREE CATALOGUES OF SCIENCE BOOKS

State your interest! Mathematics, physics, history of science, general science, biology, social sciences, earth sciences, chemistry, languages, philosophy, engineering. Dover publishes over 100 books per year; quality production standards, priced for your budget. Dept. SNL, DOVER, 180 Variek St., New York, N. Y. 10014.

AUTHORS WANTED BY NEW YORK PUBLISHER

Your book can be published, promoted, distributed by a reliable company on a subsidized basis. Fiction, non-fiction, poetry, scholarly, scientific and even controversial manuscripts welcomed. For Free Booklet write Vantage Press, Dept. T8, 120 W. 31 St., New York 10001.



GRADWOHL

School of Laboratory Technique

Be a medical lab technician! Big demand, good salaries. One-year course for H.S. grads. Enter monthly. Co-ed. Internationally known. M.D. supervised. G.I. approved. Placement service. Catalog:

Stanley Reitman, M.D., 3528 Lucas Ave., St. Louis, Mo. 63103

How Fast Can You Read?

A noted publisher in Chicago reports there is a simple technique of rapid reading which should enable you to increase your reading speed and yet retain much more. Most people do not realize how much they could increase their pleasure, success and income by reading faster and more accurately.

According to this publisher, most people, regardless of their present reading skill, can use this simple technique to improve their reading ability to a remarkable degree. Whether reading stories, books, technical matter, it becomes possible to read sentences at a plance and entire pages in seconds with glance and entire pages in seconds with this method.

To acquaint the readers of this paper To acquaint the readers of this paper with the easy-to-follow rules for developing rapid reading skill, the company has printed full details of its interesting self-training method in a new booklet, "How to Read Faster and Retain More" mailed free to anyone who requests it. No obligation. Simply enclose a dime to cover postage and handling. Send your name, address, and zip code to: Reading, 835 Diversey Parkway, Dept. 540-019, Chicago, Ill. 60614. A (Advt.) postcard will do.

... weather



Weather maker: A cold front forms.

flexible system with several components each capable of measuring part, but not necessarily all, of the atmosphere, seems adequate. The computer can bridge some gaps in the data by extrapolating from earlier measurements. And derived quantities such as wind stress or infrared emission can sometimes substitute for primary ones, in this case surface wind and temperature.

In this way, says a recent report on the Global Atmospheric Research Program, "every kind of observation becomes grist for the mill, and more flexible standards may be set for data."

'In fact," says Dr. Jule G. Charney of MIT, chairman of the U.S. committee for GARP, "we may not be too far from a global system already." At least the technology—up to the super-computer appears to be nearly in hand.

The system being planned by GARP, bits of which are in use, includes:

- Four geosynchronous satellites, providing cloud motion pictures in visible and infrared and sounding the atmosphere in infrared for temperature and moisture profiles.
- Two polar-orbiting satellites, sounding in infrared and microwave bands for temperature and moisture, taking cloud photos, and collecting data from bal-

loons, buoys and automated land stations.

- Several thousand constant-level balloons, floating at 200-millibar and 920millibar altitudes (about 40,000 feet and 2,000 feet respectively), measuring temperatures, pressures, humidity and winds.
- A network of ocean buoys and remote land surface stations.
- The present radiosonde measurements over land.
- A data-processing and communications system.

To test how such a system might work, the U.S. GARP committee is proposing a project be carried out in an area of the Pacific Ocean, possibly the Marshall Islands, in 1973. Much smaller in scale than the eventual global network, it would use one geo-stationary and one polar-orbiting satellite, 800 constant-level balloons and 145 buoys of three different types.

The Pacific test is expected to be about the same size as the three-month Barbados Oceanographic and Meteorlogical Experiment (SN: 4/26, p. 411), completed on July 28.

But before a global observing capability can lead to extended forecasts, scientists need a much better understanding of the complex processes that restore energy to the atmosphere. Two of the most important are turbulence near the earth's surface, which transfers sensible and latent heat from the surface to the air, and cloud convection, which carries heat and moisture upward through great depths of the atmosphere.

"The various modes of interaction of cloud convection with the large-scale atmosphere represent the most formidable series of obstacles to the practical extension of numerical forecasting toward its theoretical limit," the GARP committee says.

The GARP unit recommends a Tropical Cloud Cluster Experiment be carried out in conjunction with the 1973 Pacific test to improve the rudimentary understanding of the processes.

The super-computer is the final component needed for long-range prediction. The best known is the parallel-processing ILLIAC IV, being developed by the University of Illinois and built by the Burroughs Corp. under sponsorship of the Defense Department's Advanced Research Projects Agency. The first quadrant of the modular machine, scheduled for delivery to the university in June 1970, is capable of handling 250 million instructions a second. The full system could process 1 billion instructions a second, in comparison with the 3-million-a-second CDC 6600 and the approximately 20-million-a-second CDC 7600, recently installed at Lawrence Radiation Laboratory.

FREE SCIENCE MATERIALS

The Free Science Materials you need to create curiosity and relate applied science to basic science understandings are listed in the New, 1969

EDUCATORS GUIDE TO FREE SCIENCE MATERIALS

A Cross-Media Guide Comprehensive and Easy-to-Use

Available for \$8.25 on 30 day approval

EDUCATORS PROGRESS SERVICE, INC. Dept. SN, Randolph, Wisconsin 53956

NOW PRICED LOWER THAN EVER BALLOONS

10 ft. Guaranteed size brand - new

No COD's. NOVEL PROD., 31 2nd Ave., Dept. B-74, NYC 10003

LIVE PET SEAHORSES

LIVE PET SEAHORSES
FRESH caught LIVE SEAHORSES sent
Air Mail from Fla. Orders receive a FREE
RIT with FOOD, HITCHING POST, CATALOG and simple instructions for raising
these fascinating pets in a jar or fishbowl.
Live delivery guaranteed. TWO SEAHORSES and ONE FREE, \$2.00, THREE
PAIR SPECIAL \$3.50, Order TWO PAIR
and receive ONE PAIR FREE.

F. F. MARINE LIFE

(Since 1960)
P.O. Box 248-SN-70 Dania, Fla. 33004

-MEET THE HEAVENS!

LUNAR MAP: 10" chart in 2 colors identifies 326 mountains, seas, craters. 25 cents POPULAR STAR ATLAS: All stars to magnitude 5½ charted in book form. \$2.50

Write for new free catalogue N.

SKY AND TELESCOPE Cambridge, Mass.

SEE MIRACLE OF BIRTH

\$4.98 POST PAID WITH
\$4.98 SIX QUAIL EGGS
You get the new clear plastic dome CHICK-BATOR with 6 Bobwhite Quail Eggs (available year-round) and Egg Hatchers Guide Book. Complete — nothing else to buy. Send check or Money Order today

G.Q.F. MFG. CO., DEPT. CL, BOX 152, SAVANNAH, GA.

IS THERE A CHEMIST IN THE HOUSE???

Only \$4.00 Plus \$1.00 p.p.
Will bring 49 "PLUS" individual, assorted, items of standard quality laboratory apparatus: glassware, porcelain, rubber, plastic, etc., etc. Value? 2 to 3 times our offer. None dangerous. No junk. One surprise item.
Pyrex Advanced Student Assort. @ \$10 plus \$2 p.p.



HARRY ROSS Scientific & Lab. Projects
61-L Reade St. N.Y. 7, N.Y.

BOOK ORDER SERVICE

For the convenient purchase of any U.S. book in print you may avail yourself of Science News Book Order Service, 1719 N St., N.W. Washington, D.C. 20036. We pay postage. 25¢ handling charge if price is less than \$2.00. Regular retail prices on all books.

MICRO ADS

Classified and Employment advertising accepted at general advertising rate of \$23.80 per inch. For frequency discounts write for rate card. Minimum ad accepted is 1 inch. All classified advertising is payable in advance. Closing date is 4 weeks prior to issue date. Address all correspondence to: Science News, 11 W. 42nd Street, New York, New York 10036.

OVER 2,000,000 BACK DATE magazines! Low prices. Fast service. Send needs. No catalog. Midtown Magazines, Box 917-SN, Maywood, N.J. 07607.

CHEMICALS, Biologicals, Botanicals, \$1.00 Quantities Pricelist \$1.00 Deductible from First Order. Dept. S Spectro. 1354 Ellison, Louisville, Ky. 40204.

GOVERNMENT SURPLUS 96-page electronic-optical catalog showing hundreds of bargains galore. Pennies on the dollar. Send 25c. Meshna, Nahant, Mass. 01908.

LIVE SEAHORSES, marine specimens, aquarium supplies. Illustrated catalog 15c F. F. Marine Life, Box 248-306, Dania, Florida 33004.

EDIBLE AND POISONOUS Wild Plants; Medicinal Plants; Grasses and Weeds; Herbs and Spices. Ask for specific list. Lew Heymann, 2510 Van Ness Ave., San Francisco, Cal. 94109.

AUSTRALIA!! AUSTRALIA!! Jobs Galore. Government assisted transportation. 1969 Handbook \$1.00 Guaranteed! Associated Box 17-X99, Lafayette, California.

SEA-VAP (Evaporated Sea Water). Complete residue from 600 ml, \$2.00; 1200 ml, \$3.00. Postage prepaid, Californians add 5%. Marine Biochemicals, 2931 Ocean Drive, Oxnard, California 93030.

INSECTIVOROUS (CARNIVOROUS) PLANTS, 28 kinds (species). Illustrated catalog 25 cents. Peter Pauls Nurseries, Allen Rd., Canadaiqua,

WAS NERO A GOOD EMPEROR? Did Vikings settle in North America? Was Stonehenge built by Minoans? Are the legends of Hercules-Medusa-the Phoenix, based on facts? If these questions intrigue you, read (and give) ART AND ARCHAEOLOGY NEWSLETTER, packed with little-known facts about the Pagan world, new finds and deductions, reports from "digs," travel tips. Now in its 5th year. Subscribers include university and other libraries. Send \$5.00 for 8-issue subscription to OTTO F. REISS, Publisher, 243 East 39th Street, New York, N.Y. 10016.

HENLEY'S 20th Century Book of 10,000 Recipes, Formulas & Processes

Recipes, Formulas & Processes

Here is a wealth of practical, accurate and clear information and instruction that can save you thousands, or make you a fortune!

Housewives, manufacturers, farmers, handynnen, home experimenters, electricians, chemists, people in every walk of life, refer to Henley's dally. In this gold-mine of a book, you to will find formulas and recipes for almost everything used in the home, farm, workshop or industry. Discover the trade secrets of thousands of commercial products—learn new money savings and exciting ways of doing things. As indispensable as a dictionary, Satisfaction guaranteed. 900 pages hard cover-cloth binding. Only \$5.95 postpaid.

EMBASSY SALES, Dept. SN-3

EMBASSY SALES, Dept. SN-3 Box 67, East Elmhurst, N.Y. 11369



CORDLESS SLIDE PROJECTOR
Show 35mm slides anywhere, for bright clear 18"x28" pictures. This feather-light, battery operated projector is ideal for showing your favorite 2"x2" slides in friends homes, office meetings, etc. Also has side slots for showing film strips. Operates on 3 "D" size batteries. Project against any light colored wall and forget about cords and plugs. (Batteries not included) \$8.95 Post Paid. Chespa Sales P.O. Box 117-SC Barrington, N.J. 08007