

SCIENCE NEWS

Copyright © 1968 by Science Service, Inc. Republication of any portion of SCIENCE NEWS is strictly prohibited.

strictly prohibited.

Subscription rate: 1 yr., \$7.50; 2 yrs., \$13.50; 3 yrs., \$19.50. Special trial offer: 39 weeks, \$3.97. Single copy, 25 cents. No charge for foreign postage. Change of address: Three weeks' notice is required. Please state exactly how magazine is addressed. Include zip code. Printed in U.S.A. Second class postage paid at Washington, D. C. Established as Science News Letter® in mimeograph form March 13, 1922. Title registered as trademark U. S. and Canadian Patent Offices. Indexed in Reader's Guide to Periodical Literature, Abridged Guide and the Engineering Index. Member of Audit Bureau of Circulation. UNSOLICTED MANUSCRIPTS will not be returned unless accompanied by a stamped, self-addressed envelope.

Published every Saturday by SCIENCE SERVICE, Inc., 1719 N St., N.W., Washington, D. C. 20036. NOrth 7-2255. Cable Address: SCIENSERV.

ADVERTISING

L. D. Young, Advertising Director, SCIENCE NEWS, 1719 N St., N.W., Washington, D. C. 20036, Phone 202-667-8945.

Phone 202-667-8945.

Advertising Representatives: SCRIPPS-HOWARD NEWSPAPERS. General Advertising Department: 200 Park Ave., New York, N.Y., TN 7-5000; 400 N. Michigan Ave., Chicago, III., SU 7-3355; Suite 211, Braniff Building, Dallas, Tex., PL 7-3847; 908 E. Northland Tower, Southfield, Mich., 444-4595; 6363 Wilshire Blvd., Los Angeles, Calif., OL 3-0026; Room 1522, Philadelphia National Bank Building, Philadelphia, Pa., LO 3-6275; 100 California St., San Francisco, Calif., 989-5570; Suite 417, 3384 Peachtree Rd., N.E., Atlanta, Ga. 261-1571.

488/science news/vol. 94/16 november 1968

small riding tractor.

LETTERS

to the editor

Engineering enrollment

With regard to the item "Cracks in the Ivory Tower" (SN: 10/5, p. 340), it is not total enrollments in graduate schools that will be affected so much by the elimination of deferments as the makeup of the graduate student popuation. In engineering, for instance, graduate enrollments have consisted of new bachelor's degree recipients, older people returning from employment in industry or service in the armed forces, employed engineers earning a degree through part-time study, a few women, and a sizable number of foreign students. Only one group is really affected by the draft, but the extent is dramatic, as documented by a survey we have just completed.

Most graduate schools will undoubtedly fill this year's quotas of new enrollments, but the students in engineering clearly will not be the same.

John D. Alden Executive Secretary Engineering Manpower Commission Engineers Joint Council New York, N.Y.

Mental health

Sir:

Your recent articles: "The New Scene in Mental Health" (SN: 10/5, p. 345) and "The Pain of Growth" (SN: 10/12, p. 369) were excellent.

More articles of this nature, along with a regular column on mental health, would be much appreciated.

Paul Friedman Philadelphia, Pa.

Fossil fuels

I read with interest your article, "Drawing a Bead on Air Pollution," which appeared in the Sept. 21, 1968 edition.

In the third paragraph I noted the statement: "The only common denominator in sulfur oxides pollution is that 85 percent of it results from the combustion of fossil fuels (oil, coal and gas), with coal being responsible for 60 percent of the total."

While gas is a fossil fuel, it has, as served to the customer, essentially no sulfur content. This fact is widely recognized by air pollution authorities.

Roy A. Siskin Staff Engineer American Gas Association New York, N.Y.