

country. "I still cannot believe," says French Minister of Transportation Jean Chamant, "that the British Government will abandon the airbus project and stay away from this big European deal."

In case Britain does, however, several other countries have become involved in discussions of reorganized participation, including Italy, Holland and Sweden (SN: 2/22, p. 190).

Ironically, Rolls Royce, the British company whose engines will power the twin-engine European airbus if England stays in, has already arranged to provide engines to Lockheed Aircraft Co. in the U.S. for Lockheed's three-engine airbus, the L-1011. It is this deal, in fact, which has paid the development costs for the engine, the RB-211-28, to be used in the European airbus.

But if England drops out, says Chamant, the European airbus will probably use U.S.-built Pratt and Whitney engines, resulting in American planes with European engines and vice-versa.

In addition, both Lockheed and McDonnell-Douglas, as well as Boeing, which is still studying the market before going ahead with its own 767 airbus, are considering two-engine versions of their planes for the European market.

Britain's decision—the big one—is not expected before mid-summer.

WATER ON MARS

Blue shift in springtime

Long sought, sometimes glimpsed, water has now definitely been found on Mars. Drs. Harlan J. Smith of the University of Texas, Ronald Schorn of the Jet Propulsion Laboratory of the California Institute of Technology and Stephen Little of the University of Texas have obtained evidence that convinces others in the field, Dr. Schorn reports.

The amount of water is very small. In volume it would come to about a cubic mile. Spread evenly over the planet's surface it would only be between 40 and 60 microns thick.

Much of the water appears to be frozen into the polar caps, previously thought to be solid carbon dioxide. "Definitely part of them is water ice," says Dr. Schorn. As spring progresses in one Martian hemisphere, its ice cap is seen to shrink and finally vanish. As this process takes place, water in the cap is vaporized and circulates through the atmosphere to be precipitated into the ice cap of the other hemisphere. In support of this supposition, the three astronomers point out that they have found twice as much water in the southern hemisphere as in the northern. It

is now spring in the Martian northern hemisphere, and its polar cap is almost gone. The southern hemisphere cap is large and growing.

Whether there is liquid water on Mars is still a moot question, says Dr. Schorn. It will remain so until atmospheric pressure at the surface is better known. If the pressure should be below a critical point, water would change from solid to gas and back again without passing through a liquid state.

The evidence comes from spectroscopic observation of light reflected from the planet's surface, taken at the University of Texas' McDonald Observatory in Fort Davis. The location is a desert at about 7,000 feet elevation, but even there exceptionally dry nights were needed for the observations because the earth's atmosphere absorbs light wavelengths characteristic of water far more strongly than does that of Mars.

MEASLES

British vaccine withheld

Millions of children around the world have been inoculated against measles since the first vaccine was cleared for use in the United States in 1963. One of the prime targets was not measles as such but the diseases that sometimes follow it, including encephalitis, which occurs in about one out of 3,000 cases.

Now, one kind of British measles vaccine is under suspicion of itself causing encephalitis.

After one death and two non-fatal cases of the brain inflammation, the British have withdrawn one of their vaccines from use. Vaccines currently used in the United States are not implicated.

The British Ministry of Health launched a campaign against measles in children last May, and has been inoculating about 31,000 children each week since then.

Encephalitis occurred in three children, following vaccination with one of the two live vaccine strains manufactured by British drug firms. The vaccine in question, Wellcovax, is produced by the Burroughs Wellcome Co. It was suspended from use March 18 pending an investigation. While the withdrawal of the Wellcovax vaccine is expected to cause a temporary shortage, the British immunization program will continue to use the Glaxo vaccine manufactured by Glaxo Laboratories in London, from a different viral strain.

The action by the British Department of Health and Social Security is regarded by virologists at the U.S. National Institutes of Health as a display of extreme conservatism, a display permitted by the availability of an alternative vaccine.

However, the earth is now approaching Mars, and there is a large relative velocity between them. The relative velocity causes the absorption lines of the Martian water to shift toward the blue end of the spectrum compared with the terrestrial lines, and the shifts are now large enough to allow the two to be distinguished from each other.

Observations will continue, says Dr. Schorn, to follow seasonal changes "until they land a weather station on Mars." Meanwhile the Mariner 6 probe, now moving toward Mars, carries spectroscopic equipment to look for water. The Mariner equipment will hopefully be able to distinguish local water abundance in smaller areas than the McDonald observations, which have only been able to separate the planet into two hemispheres. But Mariner will not be able to watch very long for changes. Thus, says Dr. Schorn, the two types of observation are quite complementary.

The efficacy of measles prophylaxis is strongly indicated by data gathered from 600,000 unvaccinated children who had the disease in 1967, of whom some 600 developed measles encephalitis. Brain inflammation is a severe complication of measles with mortality as high as 10 percent, and a higher rate of permanent damage ranging from clinical manifestations of disturbed brain function to more insidious effects such as subtle behavioral abnormalities or more susceptibility to illness.

Because of the link between measles virus and more virulent central nervous system disease, suspected as long ago as 1933 and only recently verified in electron microscope studies, the British caution does not seem unwarranted, particularly in view of the availability of other vaccines.

The vaccine in use in the U.S. is distinctly different from ones used in Britain; close monitoring of the measles program here reveals no evidence of associated encephalitis.

POVERTY WAR

Report card: not so bad

The Office of Economic Opportunity has survived the massive exploratory operation performed upon it by the auditors of the General Accounting Office, and is in surprisingly good condition for an agency that was thought to be moribund (SN: 3/8, p. 232).

Before the results of the 14-month, million-dollar audit were released, there were fears in the OEO camp that the poverty warriors would be cut to shreds in the microscopic ledger examination.

Instead, OEO fared no worse than most older, less controversial agencies would have under such close scrutiny, and, in one way at least, a good deal better.

The report states that the funds appropriated for poverty programs were modest in relation to the total Federal effort. This is interpreted in Congress as an admission that OEO is underfinanced.

But if the OEO came through alive, it was not without its lacerations. The study attacks the agency for the costly "limited success" of the Job Corps, and urges that the corps be transferred to the Labor Department; President Nixon's recent poverty message made the same recommendation.

The OEO fought back last week with the statement that more than 70 percent of the corps' members have been placed either in jobs, school or military service, and that this is a good showing considering that previously they had been socially unproductive.

The GAO also suggests that the more than \$24 billion annual Federal effort against poverty be run from a centralized command post (probably the office of Presidential Adviser Daniel Moynihan). The OEO share of the current anti-poverty budget is \$1.9 billion; next year it is hoping for \$2.2 billion.

The Community Action Program, one of the cornerstones of the OEO edifice, received mixed notices. The accounting office found that community action had been less effective than it could have been, but recommended that it continue under OEO direction.

If the GAO suggestions are followed, OEO would concentrate its efforts on community action and other specific demonstration programs. Operational programs would still go to old-line agencies.

SST

Go—but wait, again

More than two years ago the word on the U.S. Supersonic Transport was "go—but wait!" (SN: 1/14/67, p. 31). Boeing and General Electric had won the hard-fought and extended competition to be chosen as builders of the 1,800-mile-an-hour plane, but tight money forced construction of the first two prototypes to be postponed indefinitely.

This month the waiting could come to an end. Or, for the same reasons that were invoked two years ago, it could be stretched out again, possibly as long as another two years.

The decision is President Richard Nixon's. He expects to make it by April 15. A key factor in that decision is the recommendation of Transportation Secretary John A. Volpe, which he hopes to make by April 1. In turn,

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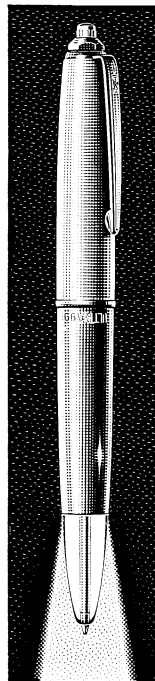
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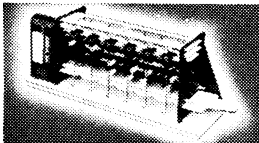
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