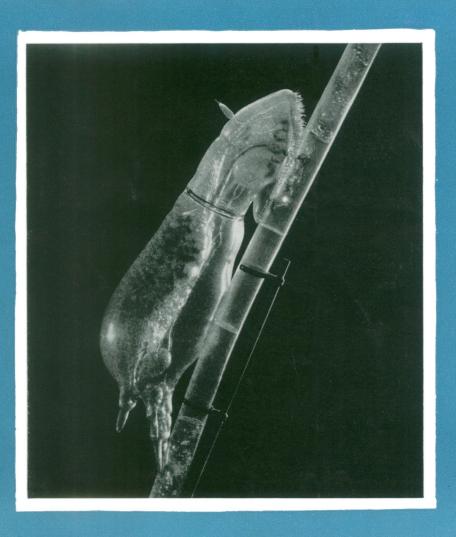
SCIENCE NEWS LETTER

THE WEEKLY SUMMARY OF CURRENT SCIENCE.





OCTOBER 6, 1934



A Most Transparent Theft
See Page 222

SCIENCE SERVICE PUBLICATION

SCIENCE NEWS LETTER



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DO YOU KNOW?

The mule deer is the most important species of game mammal in California.

A recent landslide at Lyon, France, helped to uncover a Roman amphithe-

A way of feeding milk to fish has been devised: flakes of dried milk food insoluble in water.

Swordfish, joining the ranks of cod and halibut, produces a liver oil rich in vitamins A and D.

There are 98 reporters who keep track of ice conditions on the Great Lakes for the Weather Bureau.

Contrary to common belief, the eating quality of old carrots is as good or better than that of young carrots.

Tax experts have figured that a onecent rise in the gasoline tax rate leads to a decreased consumption of gasoline of about five per cent.

Commercial efforts are being made in China to increase milk drinking.

Lobsters are said to live 20 years or more—if they are able to survive the hazards that beset them.

A British scientist comments that London's streets have been efficiently drained and paved only twice in the city's entire history; in the day of the Romans, and during the past hundred vears.

Hungarian soap makers are turning out soap cakes with bakelite tablets in the middle bearing the factory's name or trade-mark, thus reminding the user of the brand when the soap is about used up.

A test pilot predicts that unless the technical improvements of aircraft are simplified it will eventually be necessary for a pilot to have a doctor's degree in engineering from a university before he will be able to fly a plane.

WITH THE SCIENCES THIS WEEK

ARCHAEOLOGY

What preserved the wooden handle of a dagger for centuries? p. 215.

Why is the Payne collection of Indian relics famous? p. 213.

ASTRONOMY

What is the temperature of the blue-hot stars? p. 216. Other Worlds—Edwin L. Moseley—Appleton-Century, 1933, \$2.

Where can you look through a telescope at the stars? p. 218.

What nation is the biggest chemical export-

er? p. 216.

Why is it difficult to prepare the rare earths in the pure state? p. 212.

GENERAL SCIENCE

How can a scientific outlook be fostered in the public? p. 213.

MARINE ENGINEERING

How might a ship launching end in disaster? p. 214.

How are pneumonia patients benefitted by decompressing the lungs? p. 217.

How can medical care be paid for? p. 223. How to Budget Health-Evans Clark-Harper, 1933, \$4.

Why is craft work not to be emphasized in treatment of the tuberculous? p. 222.

What sort of treasure is being mined at You Bet? p. 211. Plants of the Past—Frank H. Knowlton—Princeton Univ., 1927, \$3.50.

PATHOLOGY

What is an "ultravirus"? p. 220.

How are two radio beams made to cancel each other? p. 215.

What instrument measures inaudible sounds? p. 212.

What prevents the sunlight from killing plants and animals on the earth? p. 222.

PHYSIOLOGY

What is the shortest wavelength visible to human eyes? p. 216.

Psychology

Can medical treatment add to intelligence? p. 214.

Are the brains of idiots physiologically different from those of normal persons? p. 216.

What part of the brain determines the ability to hold in mind different aspects of a problem? p. 221. Almost Human—Robert M. Yerkes—Century, 1925, \$3.

What nativity-group has the lowest crime rate in this country? p. 211.

What monkey lives in a land of snows? p.

These curiosity arousing questions show at a glance the wide field of scientific activity from which this week's news comes. Book references in italic type are not sources of information for the article, but the references for further reading. Books cited can be supplied by Book Department, Science News Letter, at publishers' prices, postpaid in the United States.