Rat-Cat Friendship

Psychologist finds that cooperation among traditional animal enemies is possible after training. Experiments point to possible path toward world peace.

See Front Cover

➤ TOM AND Jerry, the cat and rodent team of movie cartoons, often take swipes at each other, but usually end up the best of friends.

Now a psychologist has found that catrodent cooperation is not restricted to the cartoons. Dr. L. S. Tsai of Tulane University, New Orleans, told the American Association for the Advancement of Science meeting in St. Louis that he had trained a confirmed rat-killing alley cat to work peacefully with a juicy rat for the mutual benefit of both.

For his experiment, Dr. Tsai selected a "very ferocious cat given to us by a family in which she had enjoyed a long and glorious record of rat-killing." While in the laboratory, the cat caught and killed five rats, proving the justice of his reputation.

The cat, called Tom, and the rat, Jerry, were placed in a single cage, but separated by a glass, and later a wire, partition. This cage had an electrically controlled door connecting it with a common cage equipped with two electric buttons that opened still another door.

Beyond this second door was food. But to get to it Tom had to press one of the buttons and Jerry the other. Unless they worked together, neither would eat-except

maybe Tom, if Jerry was not fast enough. It took about 700 trials lasting over three and a half months before the cat finally cooperated with the rat without any act of aggression. (One of Jerry's kin was killed early in the experiment.)

From then on, the rat-killer, Tom, ate amicably out of the same dish with Jerry, the juicy rat.

Dr. Tsai then threw in an extra complication. An electric button controlling Jerry's cage door was placed in Tom's cage. The only way the rat would be available to help the cat reach food was for Tom to press the button, releasing his old enemy, but now his partner. Tom learned to do this in a hurry.

Thus, through conditioning, the habitual rat-killing cat has been taught to cooperate with his traditional "enemy" towards a common goal, Dr. Tsai said, demonstrating the immense possibility and power of education.

This discovery may throw overboard the idea that in animal nature there is an indestructible instinct of pugnacity which makes fighting or wars inevitable, Dr. Tsai

Since the experiment failed to show any such pugnacity instinct even among supposed natural enemies, the rat and cat, Dr. Tsai said, this research may point to a biological foundation for the possibility of world peace.

Other experiments by Dr. Tsai on cooperation among traditional animal enemies resulted in the three-way friendship pictured on the cover of this week's SCIENCE News Letter, with the rat, cat and dog eating amicably from the same dish.

Science News Letter, January 17, 1953

TECHNOLOGY

Motors Canned to Protect Atomic Sub

➤ TO PROTECT future crewmen of the Navy's first atom-powered submarine Nautilus from dangerous radioactive leaks in the nuclear reactor's hot-water system, Westinghouse design engineers have "bottled up" the motors that will pump the radioactive water from the reactor to the sub's boilers and then back again.

Seals ordinarily used to separate the pumping motor from the liquid being pumped were not satisfactory. All leaked to a certain extent. Since the water would be radioactive after passing through the hot atomic reactor, any such leak aboard the Nautilus could expose crewmen to dangerous radiation.

"Canned" right into the hot-water circulating system, the motor's rotating element and its stationary part both are jacketed in stainless steel coverings. The complete motor is immersed in the very water that is being pumped. Electric current is fed to coils in the stationary part of the motor, and the resulting electromagnetic fields cause the rotor to turn, pumping some of the "hot" liquid right through the motor

Science News Letter, January 17, 1953

PHILOSOPHICAL LIBRARY BOOKS

1. DEVELOPMENT OF THE GUIDED MISSILE by Kenneth W. Gatland. This book presents factually all the main information now available on the development of guided weapons in Britain, the United States, Germany, the U.S.S.R. and elsewhere, and outlines their present and future possibilities. A unique feature is the appendix showing the characteristics of all the more important powered missiles known to have been designed or constructed—a total of 90. Air Chief Marshal Sir Alec Coryton, former Chief Executive (Guided Weapons), Ministry of Supply, has contributed a foreword to this important book, and it is very fully illustrated.

2. INTERNAL BALLISTICS by Colonel F. R. W. Hunt. An exhaustive treatise on research in that branch of applied physics relating to the properties of propellants and the motion of the projectile in the gun.

3. HARWELL—THE BRITISH ATOMIC ENERGY hunt. An exhaustive treatise on research in that branch of applied physics relating to the properties of propellants and the motion of the projectile in the gum.

3. HARWELL—THE BRITISH ATOMIC ENERGY RESEARCH ESTABLISHMENT 1948-1951. Prepared by the Ministry of Supply and the Central Office of Information. After giving a brief account of the events leading to the formation of the British Atomic Energy Research Establishment in 1946, and a review of its organization, there is an outline of the main tasks on which Harwell is working. These are treated under four heads: (1) the production program; (2) isotopes; (3) nuclear reactors, and (4) particle accelerators. THE THEORIES OF AETHER AND EECTRICITY by Sir Edmund Whittaker. Sir Edmund Whittaker, FRS, Professor Emeritus of Mathematics! The heads of the scientists as Ohm. Faraday Maxwell and Lorents. Volume One is suited The Classical Theories. The book scientists as the proposition of the propositio and Einstein the man. It is a treasury of living thought and a striking record of one of our most eminent contemporaries.

4. DEAD CITIES AND FORGOTTEN TRIBES by Gordon Cooper. In this book Gordon Cooper traces the history of vanished peoples, their rulers and their fate: he tells too, of some of the least known races of the world, like the Lepeches of Sikkim and the Jivaros of Peru, and the strange people of the Lost Valley in the Loranje Mountains in New Guinea, who were discovered by the crew of an American plane making an emergency landing during the war.

5. THE STORY OF WATCHES by T. P. Camerer Cluss. Fellow of the British Horological Institute and President of the National Association of Goldsmiths. The story of the watch from its origin in the portable clocks of the fifteenth century down to the factory-made watch of today, tracing its development in all its aspects. clocks of the fifteenth century down to the factory-made watch of today, tracing its development in all its aspects.

8. WATER by Sir Cyril S. Fox, D.Sc., F.G.S. It is the intention, in this volume, to provide the reader with an outline of the Science of Water, both in the academic and practical aspects of the subject and to include details regarding its characteristics, its occurrence and its utilization.

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