

SCIENTIA INTERNATIONAL

NOVAS DEL MENSE IN INTERLINGUA

► **Experimentos Animal.**—Le famose Laboratorios Memorial Roscoe B. Jackson a Bar Harbor produce un million de mouses per anno, 350,000 destinate al distribution national e international a numerose centros de recerca, le resto pro recercas a Bar Harbor mesme. Iste total annual corresponde a un production diurne de 3000 mouses. Inter le 60 racias de mouses elevate a Bar Harbor, il ha certes con un historia de genetica regulate correspondente a 4000 annos de vita human.

► **Chirurgia.**—Claudication intermittente ha essite tractate con bon successo per graffos de membrana amniotic. Iste efecto suprendente esseva discoperite accidentalmente per Dr. E. Troensegaard-Hansen de London. Ille usava le membrana in graffos coperiente ulceres del gamba e notava le disparition del claudication que simultaneamente habeva essite presente in certes del patientes. Le explication del efecto anti-claudicante del membrana amniotic es probabilmente que illo stimula le formation de nove vasos de sanguine e assi augmenta le circulation.

► **Pisca.**—Pro taciar migrations e movimentos de crangones, il es impossibile servir se del usual methodos de etiquettage que funciona si ben in le caso de aves e etiam de pisces, proque le crangon ha le characteristic de un frequentemente repetite muta que evidentemente disrangia omne typo de etiquettage traditional. Le problema ha essite solvite per experts al Instituto del Scientias Marin al Universitate Texas. Illes injice colorantes in le capites del crangones, e iste colorantes non es afficie per non importa qual numero de mutas. Le resultato es crangones con capites verde, blau, rubie, e altere colores phantastic.

► **Oceanographia.**—Pro studiar le movimento de arena e petras al fundo del oceano presso al costa, scientistas anglese experimenta con un metodo de "radiotraciage." In illo, le isotoipo barium-140 es inserite in formamines effectuate in petras que es subsequentemente re-abandonate in le aqua. Lor movimentos sub le effecto del currentes de fluxo e refluxo es nettemente traciable per contatores Geiger. On spera que le perfectionamento del metodo va resultar in un importantissime instrumento pro le studios de physiographia costal.

► **Agronomia.**—Le uso del hormon feminin stilbestrol (in forma synthetic) pro accelerar le crescentia de bestial de consumo ha essite approbate per le statounitese Departimento de Agricultura post que extense experiments practic con administrationes excessivissime de stilbestrol demonstrava que le carne del animales devorante lo non contine ulle tracia mesurabile del hormon. Le doses de stilbestrol usate in iste experiments excedevo per multo le doses maximal que es legalmente autorisate in le ingrassage de bestial.

► **Agronomia.**—Le processo de maturation de fructos es associate con le production de ethyleno. Il pare que le gas ha un function in le processo maturatori mesme, proque so application experimental a varie fructos ha resultate in un certe acceleration de lor maturation. Un grupo de scientistas del Universitate California ha nunc constatare que le fructo de *Passiflora* es le champion inter le fructos producente ethyleno. Le facto ha nulle apparente signification practic, sed illo es certo theoricamente interessante.

► **Anthropologia.**—Un programma de sanitate e hygiene public ha essite initiate inter le indianos navajo de Arizona. Le plus notable

aspecto de iste programma es que illo non es imponite dictatorialmente sed que on cerca pro illo le cooperation voluntari del indianos mesme. Le plus grande numero de membros del personal es navajos. On se effortia etiam a obtener le collaboration del exorcistas indian. On admittit que il existe areas de sanitate e hygiene in que le arte del exorcistas es irreimplaciable, sed on insiste que il ha etiam areas in que le scientia medical del homines blanc es superior.

► **Psychologia Physiologic.**—Experimentatores al Universitate Illinois ha constatare que ratti prefere normalmente aqua ordinari a aqua distillate. Si le animales suffre grande sete, illos non manifesta ulle tal preferentia. Le experimentatores deriva nulle conclusion ab lor observations, sed illes nota que le situation es plus o minus le mesmo in le caso del humanos.

► **Entomologia.**—Ex le verme de seta *Cecropia*, Dr. C. M. Williams del Universitate Harvard ha succede a extraher (per medio de petroleo) un hormon que neutralisa per su presentia le factores que causa le metamorphose del larvas de ille insecto in tineas adulte. Le application experimental de iste hormon antimetamorphic a larvas de *Cecropia* preste a metamorphisar se ha resultate in le disveloppamento de monstros non-viable. Currentemente on se effortia a synthetizar le hormon antimetamorphic de *Cecropia* e su equivalentes in altere species de insectos. Si on succede, on va haber trovate le insecticida ideal, proque il es multo improbable que insectos pote unquam devenir resistente contra lor proprie hormones.

► **Medicina General.**—Le mechanismo del promotion de tuberculose per le alteremente si benefic droga cortisona esseva clarificate per un grupo de medicos de London in Anglaterra qui studiava le problema in casos representative de tuberculose experimental del oculos de mouses. Le mechanismo es complexe, sed un principal aspecto de illo es que cortisona paralyse le leucocytos in lor function de annihilare le bacilos tuberculosi, de maniera que iste bacilos deveni capace a vincer le leucocytos que es lor inimicos natural.

► **Obstetrica.**—Le cyclo feminin se manifesta, inter alteros, in un fluctuation del temperatura corpore. Iste facto es generalmente cognoscite. Es etiam cognoscite que le temperatura del corpore feminin attinge su maximo plus o minus exactemente al tempore del ovulation (i.e., le evento que initia le periodo le plus favorable pro le conception). Nunc un grupo de medicos del Universitate California ha demonstre que le ovulation es etiam (e plus precisamente) recognoscibile per le facto que illo coincide con le maximo del (equalmente fluctuante) conto del plachettas in le sanguine.

► **Entomologia.**—Un inquesta condutte per entomologos del Universitate Rutgers a New Brunswick in New Jersey revela que le majoritate del commissions pro le luta contra insectos nocive in Canada e le Statos Unite prefere de plus in plus le uso de mesuras "permanente" in loco del application de insecticidas. Tal methodos "permanente" es super toto le elimination de paludos per drainage o per le disveloppamento de lacos a aqua fresc in lor loco. Iste ultime metodo utilisa le voracitate natural de pisces pro larvas de insectos. Le inquesta revela etiam que le resistentia de mosquitos contra DDT deveni rapidemente de plus in plus universal.

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GENERAL SCIENCE

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