

SCIENTIA INTERNATIONAL

NOVAS DEL MENSE IN INTERLINGUA

► **Recercas de Cancere.**—Correlaciones statistic inter le fumar de cigarretas e cancere pulmonar e tuberculose esseva estableite per Drs. R. Doll e A. B. Hill del britannic Consilio de Recercas Medical. In 1951 le duo doctores distribueva un questionario inter 40.000 medicos del Commonwealth Britannic pro colliger informationes in re lor habitudes fumatori. Cinque annos plus tarde illes trovava que le mortalitate ab cancere pulmonar habeva esse significativamente plus alte inter fumatores de cigarretas que inter fumatores de pipa e non-fumatores. Le mesmo valeva pro tuberculose e etiam pro ulceres gastric e bronchitis chronic.

► **Agronomia.**—Un curioso metodo pro mesurar le grassia de porcos (e altere bestial) ante lor morte es reportate per scientistas del statounitese Departimento de Agricultura. Illes ha constatare que le duration del somnio que resulta ab le injection de certe dormitivos es indirectemente proportional al contento de grassia in le animales individual.

► **Physiologia Cerebral.**—Le theoria del localisation del functiones cerebral debe esser modificate in le lumine de nove observations per Dr. J. C. Lilly del statounitese Instituto National de Sanitate Mental a Bethesda in Maryland. In experimentos con simias, Dr. Lilly stimulava un multiplicitate de sitos cerebral per medio de minusculissime electrodos que ille habeva permanentemente implantate. Assi ille poteva constatar que il existe nulle area cerebral con functiones exclusivamente sensori. Omnes combina functiones motori e sensori.

► **Agronomia.**—Es reportate ab London que experimentos del Britannic Instituto National pro Recercas de Lacteria ha demonstrare que lacte congelate in saccos de plastico pote esser immagasinata durante periodos de usque a deceudo menses sin ulle notabile alteration de gusto.

► **Expediciones.**—Le lupo de Tasmania es un marsupiali. Su nomine scientific es *Thylacinus cynocephalus*. Vulgarmente illo es cognoscite como tigre tasmanian. Su apparentia remora can, kanguru, e tigre. Illo es un predator de oves. In le curso del passate vinti annos nulle specimen de illo ha esseste identificate con certitude. Illo es protegit per fortia de lege. Nunc un agentia governamental de Tasmania ha organisaite un expedition pro determinar si le "tigre tasmanian" es extincone o si illo existe ancora.

► **Microscopia.**—Le studio del structura de cellulas vegetal per microscopia electronic o luminar requireva usque nunc le separation preparatori del cellulas individual per medio de acidos que non remaneva sin effecto destructori super le objecto a studiar. Un melior metodo pro le separation de cellulas vegetal se servi del efecto de undas ultrasonic. Dr. F. M. Scott del Universitate California, qui ha disveloppate iste metodo, reporta excellente resultados effectuate per medio de illo in le studio de cellulas epidermic de cepas.

► **Cardiologia.**—Ante 1945 le superviventia probabile de infantes nascite con cyanosis non excedeva le maximo extreme de vinti annos. Depost 1945 tal infantes pote esser normalisate per interventiones chirurgic. Es reportate le quarte caso de un femina qui esseva assi tractate in su infancia e qui nunc ha devenite matre sin ulle incidentia adverse.

► **Cardiologia.**—Relativemente leve exercitios in un atmosphera calide e humide representa un plus grande effortio pro le corde que forte exer-

citos in un atmosphera de moderate grados de temperatura e humiditate. Isto esseva demonstre per Drs. G. E. Burch e A. Hyman de New Orleans. In le plus frappante de lor experimentos, le duo doctores observava le volumine-minuta del corde in patientes cardiac e individuos normal (sin ulle exercitio) durante le cambiamento del temperatura ab 23 a 44 °C e del humiditate relative ab 60 a 86 pro cento. Le normales augmentava lor volumine-minuta per inter cinque e vinti litros, le patientes cardiac per inter cinque e dece litros.

► **Insecticidas.**—Le statounitese Administracion de Alimentos e Drogas annuncia que in le futuro plus stricte regulations debe esser applicate al uso del insecticidas de phosphato organic. In studiar le nocivitate de un par de typic insecticidas del genere mentionate, on ha constatare que illos se potentia mutualmente: Le un comencava afficer un can quando illo se trovava in su alimento in un concentration de 50 pro million. Pro le altere le correspondente concentration esseva 250 pro million. In combination le duo insecticidas attingeva le mesme effecto in concentrations de 20 e 100 pro million, respectivamente.

► **Agronomia.**—In terras ben irrigate, le suppletion de kalium in le forma del fertilisantes standard es pauc satisfactori a causa de su alte solubilitate in aqua. Le problema ha esse superate per un gruppo de scientistas del Universitate California. Illes usa le kalium in le fabrication de vitro e usa le vitro in forma pulverisate como fertilisante.

► **Physiologia.**—Reserpina, le ben-cognoscite agente tranquilizante, se ha monstrate capace a supprimere le cyclo mensual de simias feminin durante periodos de usque a 140 dies. Le experimentos in question esseva executate al Universitate Illinois. Le doses requirite es si grande que le uso de reserpina como agente anticonceptional in humanos non es possibile.

► **Aviation.**—Le fortia aeree de Australia se ha declarate preste (e honorate) a participar in le transporto del Torcha Olympic ab Athenas a Cairns in Nord-Queensland. Inter Porto Darwin e Cairns on plana transportar le torcha in un avion a reaction a un altitude de circa 15 km. Pro executar iste projecto il va esser necessari isolare le torcha hermeticamente in un cabina special ubi illo pote esser mantene vive par un specie de "respiration artificial." A 15 km de altitude nulle torcha—Olympic o altere—pote subsister sin oxygeno supplementari.

► **Geologia Petroleari.**—Le detection de nove depositos de petroleo va profitar de un recentemente patentate metodo que examina specimens de aqua sub lumine ultraviolette e es capace a notar le presentia de benzina in un solution de 1 a 1.000.000. Le presentia de benzina in un curso de aqua prova que le aqua ha venite ab le vicinitate de stratos oleofore.

► **Agronomia.**—Secundo un guida publicate per le Universitate California, agentes chimic de disfoliation de coton non solo simplifica le collection sed etiam realta le qualitate del coton per expoter le fibras immatur al sol, per reducer le devastation per certe insectos, e per eliminar le immixtura de folios in le producto final. Le agentes disfoliatore es applicate per avion o per machineria terrestre. Illos es specialmente efficace si illos es applicate sub alte temperaturas e si le gruppation del plantas es regular e uniforme.

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