

AS IT LOOKED IN AZTEC DAYS

A rare chance to dig in this sacred area of the Aztec capital is being seized by Mexican government archaeologists. In this temple enclosure you see at the left the lofty temple to the war god Huitzùlopochtli, with the famous Aztec calendar stone vertical against the platform at the pyramid base. It is here, in a patch of ground once a part of the great temple's foundation, or close to it, that the present excavations are being made. Two other lofty temples are shown, and a round temple to Quetzalcoatl, god of the wind. In front of the round temple is a circular stone on which sacrificial combats were staged. At the extreme right is a skull rack—one of the seven in the temple enclosure. A corner of Montezuma's palace a low, rambling structure, is shown in the center, surrounded by the temples. This reconstruction, which shows only a portion of the extensive temple enclosure, was made by Ignacio Marquina, chief of the Direction of Prehispanic Monuments, at Mexico City.

(as modern Mexican ones still do) so that floor levels had undoubtedly to be raised from time to time.

The Spaniards came along, levelling the city with its buildings, leaving older inner portions of Indian structures exposed to view. The mysterious little white temple discovered in the cathedral lot is believed by archaeologists to be some such anterior structure.

Water-level has been reached in the perforations Mexican archaeologists are making, but man-made remains continue. Pumps are working and excavations will continue until virgin soil is reached in order to reveal the antecedents of the Aztec capital.

The street that now runs west across the back of the present cathedral was the Aztec causeway along which Cortes escaped out of the island-city one "Sad Night" in 1519 before the Conquest. It was also that street down which the great twin temples of Huitzilopochtli and Tezcatlipoca looked from the top of their high pyramid which was erected at right angles to it.

It has been proved lately that Indian

temples and pyramids were built to look straight into the setting sun on the Indian New Year's day, which was July 26, the day the sun goes back from its wanderings in the northern hemisphere into the southern. In order to face in that way, the buildings had to be set a little north of true astronomical east and west, the angle varying with the latitude. The east-west streets of modern Mexico City, which follow the former Aztec causeways, are similarly askew.

In order to test out the hypothesis that the Aztec capital was itself oriented in accordance with the Indian New Year's day, and the modern Mexican capital also as a result, measurements are being made on the ruins of an Aztec pyramid unearthed fifteen years ago by Dr. Manuel Gamio, just across the street from the present excavations in the cathedral lot.

Mexican archaeologists are also studying maps of Mexico City from earliest colonial times to modern ones in order to locate the limits of the Aztec city within the modern one that covers it.

Science News Letter, August 26, 1933

GEOLOG

Free of Ice, Northern Lands Appear to Be Tilting

ORTHERN lands that bore the vast ice load of the Glacial Age for a million years now appear to be slowly rising, as one end of a raft rises in the water when weight has been removed.

This is the interpretation of apparent changes in land levels in the northern United States, Canada, and the Baltic regions of Europe, by Dr. B. Gutenberg of the California Institute of Technology. Dr. Gutenberg's study, appears in the *Journal of Geology*.

The tiltings examined by the California scientist are very slight, as measured by the year—only about two-fifths of an inch annually between Chicago and the northeastern part of the Great Lakes region. But if they have been going on for the past hundred thousand years or so they would amount to a good deal in the aggregate.

Dr. Gutenberg's suggestion is based

on the theory, widely accepted among geologists, that the continents really are like rafts floating in water. They consist of masses of lighter rock, mostly granite, floating in a heavier rock that is not wholly rigid, but rather yielding under a burden after the fashion of the traditional molasses in January, or oozy asphalt on a hot summer street. The extreme viscosity of such "gummy" rocks would account for the fact that the continent-rafts are still tilting, though the last fragments of the great glaciers melted off the face of northern Europe some eight or ten thousand years ago.

If the northern ends of the continents are rising, a compensating sinking should be expected to the southward. Some evidences that such a thing is occurring have been obtained, but they are rather too equivocal to be satisfying to scientists, and Dr. Gutenberg recommends further close study of the subject of sinking coasts.

Science News Letter, August 26, 1933

VOLCANOLOGY

Volcanic Eruptions Possible in Arizona

OLCANIC outbursts may occur some day in northern Arizona, in the region of the San Francisco Peaks, a group of lofty and well-known mountains. A study of a number of eruptive centers in this area by Harold S. Colton of the Museum of Northern Arizona strongly suggests that these were formed by successive outbursts, separated by fairly long time intervals. Recent earthquakes in northern Arizona seem to have centered under the San Francisco Peaks, and Mr. Colton interprets this as evidence that the volcanism of this region is not yet dead.

Science News Letter, August 26, 1933

PSYCHIATRY

Two Mental Diseases Really Five, Statistical Study Shows

THE MANIC-depressive and dementia praecox psychoses are not two separate mental diseases, but really five diseases all of them related more or less closely to each other by common underlying causal factors, it is indicated by a study just completed by Dom Thomas Verner Moore, of Catholic University, Washington. His report is published as one of the University's Studies in Psychology and Psychiatry.

Father Moore made use of a new statistical technique. Instead of trying to fit each patient into some arbitrary category according to previously developed schemes of diagnosis, he listed a number of well-known symptoms and gave each patient a numerical rating by a specially constructed scale to indicate the extent to which he displayed that symptom. Among these symptoms were included some of an emotional nature, such as irritability, abnormal feeling of exultation, giggling, depression, and so on. Another group included abnormalities of thought such as delusions, loss of memory, defect of perception, and the like. A third group included matters of history such as previous attacks, insane relatives, and alcoholism in the

Statistical methods showed some of these symptoms to be closely related, in the sense that a general factor or identical group of causes binds them together. Symptoms bound together by a general factor are termed syndromes. The five syndromes, made up of symptoms usually taken as signs of either manic-depressive psychosis or dementia praecox, are: catatonic, deluded and hallucinated, paranoid irritability, cognitive defect and constitutional hereditary depression.

The catatonic syndrome, for example, contains the following symptoms; mutism, or refusal to talk; negativism, or refusal to comply with any simple request; refusal of food; and the adopting and maintaining of fixed or peculiar attitudes such as standing on one leg or staring into space. These symptoms are shown by the mathematical technique to be signs of the same thing.

The five syndromes are proved by their intercorrelations with each other to have also underlying them a common group of causal factors. Father Moore pointed out that Rüdin and others have shown that the heredity of dementia praecox must be due to two Mendelian recessive traits. The present work suggests that only one of these factors need be specific for dementia praecox; the other may be common to dementia praecox and manic-depressive insanity.

The study points out that the manicdepressive and praecox disorders are dominantly an upset of emotional life. Intelligence defect is also involved but is relatively unimportant. It is pointed out that normal mental life must have the normal counterpart of the syndromes by which the insanities are constituted. Corresponding to intelligence defect there is the general factor underlying normal intelligence; corresponding to the general factor underlying anxiety and depression are normal balanced elements of emotional life of a definite nature; corresponding to irritability and tantrums, another normal factor in emotional life, and so on.

Science News Letter, August 26, 1933

A \$3,000 crop of spinach was destroyed in one night on Staten Island by a cloud of poisonous smoke coming over from New Jersey.

The Smithsonian Institution has received the smallest jointed doll on record: a wooden doll from Switzerland, slightly over half an inch tall.

CONVENIENCE COUPON

for New or Renewal Subscription to Science News Letter

Send this coupon to Washington while you are thinking of it.

Science News Letter,

21st and Constitution Avenue, Washington, D. C.

······································	
Please \$\frac{1}{2}\$ start my subscription to Science News Letter. I am enclosing remittance as checked: \$ 2\$ years, \$7 \$ 1\$ year, \$5\$	ıg
Name	
If this subscription is a renewal, check here	