

SCIENTIA INTERNATIONAL

NOVAS DEL MENSE IN INTERLINGUA

► Resources de Energia.—Carbon de basse qualitate pote esser gaseificate e le resultante gases pote esser transformate in combustibile liquide per le application de alte temperaturas. Un ressource economic de tal temperaturas es probabilmente a trovar in le calor de reactores nucleari.—Reporto al Instituto American de Ingenieros Chemic per Drs. R. C. Dalzell e J. P. McGee.

► Recercas de Cancere.—Al recente convention del Association American Medical a Philadelphia, cancerologos american e anglese participava in un discussion transatlantic per telefono. Le consenso del experts esseva que le chimotherapy de cancere es pauc plus que un promissa futur. Un del angleses formulava que le interesse de agentes cancerotherapeutic nunc cognoscite es exclusivamente que illos contribue al clarification del processos morbide que occurre in casos de cancere.

► Dentisteria.—Dr. chir. dent. J. R. Cameron del Universitate Temple ha publicate un sumario del grave morbos que dentistas ha frequentemente le opportunitate de recognoscere ante que le paciente ha ulla ration de consultar su medico general. Iste morbos include cancere buccal, anemia, tuberculose, e leucemia, proque in omne istos symptomas buccal precede non infrequentemente omne alteres. Secundo Dr. Cameron un dentista con un bon practica vide al minus un paciente per septimana a qui ille debe recommendar le un o le altere examine medical.

► Technica Hospitalari.—Al Hospital North Cambridgeshire in Anglaterra on ha installate "cossinos cantante" que provide le patientes con musica e permette a illes parlar con le infirmiera quando ista se trova foras del sala. Le cossinos es facite de cauchu spumose, e montate in illos es altoparlatores que ha esseit appellate "cos-sinophonios."

► Recercas de Cancere.—Dr. med. vet. R. T. Pursell de Australia reporta frappante successos in le tractamento de certe tumores cancerose in micre animales per medio de blau methylenic. Le tumores assi attaccabile es exclusivamente typos a crescentia rapidissime. Dr. Pursell specula que blau methylenic disruppe le metabolismo de certe cellulas cancerose. Ille opina que su discoperta signala un debilitate del cellula cancerose que debe esser investigate systematicamente.

► Agronomia.—Le principio del hybridisation, que ha producite le cognoscite frappantemente benefic effectos in le cultura de mais, pare haber devinite applicabile etiam al cultura de coton. Le difficultate, usque recentemente insuperabile, es que stamines e pistilos de plantas de coton se trova in le mesme individuo, con le resultado inevitabile de auto-pollination. Le precondition de hybridisation, i.e. de hetero-pollination, de coton es per consequente le occision del stamines per un metodo que lassa le pistilos intacte. Iste "gameticidio selective" esseva effectuate post multe essayos van per le application de solutioenes de sales de chlorinate acidos organic circa un septimana ante le tempore del floration. Le experiments in question esseva execute at Schola de Agricultura del Universitate California.

► Agronomia.—Per cambiar le tempore tradicional del plantation de ris, multe paizes del Oriente Extreme potreca reducer grandemente le enorme perditas in le messe de iste cereal que es currentemente causate per le typhones. Dr. Chia-min Hsieh del Universitate Catholic

de America in Washington ha constataque que ris es specialmente vulnerabile al comencimiento e verso le fin de su crescentia. Proque 86 pro cento de omne typhones occurre inter julio e septembre (con 25 pro cento in septembre), il es possibile planter ambe messes annual de ris de maniera que le plantas se trova in lor phase le plus resistente quando le typhones es le plus numerose.

► Energia Solar.—Fornos solar pro objectivos recercatori es producite in massa per le Corporation American de Projectores que utilisa in lor fabrication componentes de projectores militar que le armea statounitese vende a vil precio, viste que illos ha devinite obsoleto in nostre era de aeroplanos ultrarapide. Fornos solar de un valor ver de 40 a 50 milles dollars pote assi esser vendite pro 8500 dollars.—Iste apparatus es quasi indispensabile in moderne recercas metallurgic proque illos produce altissime temperaturas sin le risco de contaminar le objecto calefacite.

► Recercas de Cancere.—Secundo un reporto ab le Statounitese Departamento de Agricultura, le facto que un compuesto chemic se monstra capace de inhibir le crescentia del ovarios de muscas domestic indica con alte grados de probabilitate que illo es etiam capace de inhibir le crescentia de cellulas cancerose. Iste discoperta va grandemente accelerar le selection de compostos chemic que merita esser essayate como possibile agentes cancerotherapeutic. Usque nunc muses e rattos esseva usate in iste genere de test preliminari, e muses e rattos es evidentemente plus difficile a elevar que muscas domestic.

► Recercas de Cancere.—Secundo Dr. V. Menkin del Universitate Temple a Philadelphia, cellulas lesionate per inflammation (o, forsitan, per altere causas de destruction como per exemplo viruses o imbalanca hormonal) produce un factor de promotion de crescentia que es destinate a assister in le reparacion del cellulas sed que, in le presentia de agentes cancerogene o de un predisposition congenite, pote resultar in le production de tumores. Dr. Menkin reporta le extraction de un "promotor de crescentia" ab inflamate cavitates pulmonar de canes. Su injection in le histos mammari de conilios resultava in un marcate excesso de crescentia que non eseseva clarmente cancerose sed que poteva esser considerate como al minus "precancerose."

► Recercas de Cancere.—Al Universitate Notre Dame, sex generaciones de muses elevate in condicions perfectemente antimicrobial ha remanite completamente libere de cancere ben que illos representa un racia de alte susceptibilitate cancerogenic e durante que un gruppo de control a elevage non-antimicrobial monstrava un incidentia de cancere de 98 pro cento al fin del dece-octave mense. Dr. J. A. Reynier, qui reportava le experimento, insiste que illo significa solmente que le causa de cancere in le muses experimental se trova in stato dormiente. Il es possibile que iste causa va redevenir efficace si le muses es subjicite a stresses o etiam como resultado de accidentes genetic.

► Genetica.—Le medios usate in le reglementation del natalitate in humanos va possibilmente esser inrichite per le addition de acido erucic que occurs in forte concentrationes in oleo de colza. In experiments conducece al Universitate West-Ontario in Canada, acido erucic rendeva le masculos transientemente sterile. Illo non afficeva le femininas.

Science News Letter, December 28, 1957

GENERAL SCIENCE

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MEDICINE

Bigger Link Between Weight, Heart Disease

► ALTHOUGH too much emphasis has been put on overweight as the direct cause of coronary heart disease, the indirect relationship between the two conditions is even greater than many studies have indicated, Dr. Richard S. Gubner, Equitable Life Assurance Society of the U. S., New York, N. Y., reported in *Nutrition Reviews* (Dec.).

Statistical studies that show little difference between overweight people and the so-called average weight ones as far as life span and heart disease go are misleading. There is quite a difference when overweight people are compared with those who are underweight, Dr. Gubner told SCIENCE SERVICE.

The "average" adult American is in fact moderately obese, with fat making up some 20% above the lean fat-free, body weight of the average middle aged male.

When moderately underweight individuals were compared with moderate overweights the death rate climbed steadily as the overweight increased, Dr. Gubner said.

Overweight is evidently related to disturbances in fat metabolism which may cause an increase in cholesterol level in the blood. But it still has to be proved that merely lowering the level of cholesterol in the blood will produce beneficial results.

At least in coronary thrombosis, cholesterol does not appear to be the dangerous agent but rather other fats in the blood which have a direct effect on blood clotting, Dr. Gubner said.

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