PHYSIOLOGY

Locate Cells That Produce Anti-Blood-Clotting Heparin

EPARIN, a substance of sugary nature that can keep blood from clotting, is produced by a special kind of body cells called mastcells, Dr. Hjalmar Holmgren of the Caroline Institute, Stockholm, reports.

Because heparin can retard or check the coagulation of blood, it is much used in experimental work and scientists hope that it will prove practically useful in cases where it is desirable to prevent blood clotting, such as transfusions, and to prevent dangerous blood clots that sometimes occur after operations. It is most easily obtained from the liver and was originally discovered by Dr. William H. Howell of Johns Hopkins Univer-

The mastcells which Dr. Holmgren

believes to be producers of heparin were discovered in 1876 by Paul Ehrlich, the German scientist who developed the drug that cures syphilis. They have been studied by a number of scientists since then but their function has not until now been known.

Mastcells are found in great quantities in the liver and the veins. These cells have the same reactions as heparin when submitted to metachromatic staining (with toluidinblue). Dr. Holmgren has studied the proportion between mastcells and heparin in organisms, and found that the proportion is direct, so that in an organism with few or no mastcells there is only a little heparin or a total lack of it.

Science News Letter, July 17, 1937

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New Heavy Atomic Particle Was Predicted by Japanese

THE NEW heavy electron, weighing about fifty times as much as the ordinary kind, was predicted by the Japanese scientist H. Yukawa as early as 1934, it is disclosed. (Physical Review)

Prof. E. C. G. Stueckelberg of the Institut de Physique, Geneva, Switzerland, reports that both he and scientist Yukawa independently arrived at an explanation of the forces within the atom

which predicts such a heavy electron as

The heavy electron, states Prof. Stueck-

is now exciting the research physicists. Drs. J. C. Street and E. C. Stevenson of Harvard University, and Nobelist Dr. Carl Anderson and Dr. Seth H. Neddermeyer of California Institute of Technology form two research teams that have found indications of the heavy elec-

elberg, is predicted by equations which
describe matter by a mathematical opera-
tor known as a spinor, having 16 com-
ponents or parts. Four components re-
fer to the electron state of the atom,
four more to the neutrino state of the
atom, another four to the proton state
and the last four components to the
neutron state of matter.
According to Prof. Stueckelberg's the-

ory the new-found heavy electron is very unstable and can only be of secondary origin created out of some of the particles now known. Four other particles, yet undiscovered, are also predicted by the theory, states the Swiss scientist.

Science News Letter, July 17, 1937

PSYCHOLOGY

American-Trained Scientist Studies Yoga For Year

MEANS for attaining a "radiant A MEANS for attaining personality," and for tapping the hidden reserves of mental and emotional power that lie in the ordinary individual's personality is the contribution that the Yogic practices of the East can bring to the Western World.

This appears to be the promise of a new scientific appraisal of these ancient teachings of India under the auspices of Yale University's Institute of Human Relations by Dr. Kovoor T. Behanan.

Living for a year as a student disciple of Swami Kuvalayananda, of Lonavla, India, Dr. Behanan learned the peculiar exercises of the Yogic discipline, which include controlled breathing so as to increase oxygen consumption and special tricks of concentration that in some ways resemble self-hypnotism. He then returned to the laboratory at Yale and subjected what he had learned to scientific scrutiny and appraisal.

Tearing away the veil of superstition and ignorance that have for so long kept the Western World in the dark concerning Yoga, Dr. Behanan has exploded many popular misconceptions about it.

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